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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/771,698	02/03/2004	Ozgur C. Leonard	15437-0601	3805
	7590 05/05/200 LERMO TRUONG &	EXAMINER		
	CROSYSTEMS, INC.	WAI, ERIC CHARLES		
SUITE 550	AT FLACE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, CA	95110-1089	2195		
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		05/05/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/771,	698	LEONARD ET AL.			
		Examin	er	Art Unit			
		ERIC C.	WAI	2195			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on t	he cover sheet with th	e correspondence ad	ldress		
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE VERY IS LONGER, FROM THE MANAGER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANAGER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANAGER IS LONGER IS LONGER IN THE MANAGER	MAILING DATE OF T s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no en nunication. atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap	THIS COMMUNICATI event, however, may a reply be will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr oplication to become ABANDC	ON. It is timely filed om the mailing date of this connection (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practi	2b)⊡ This action is for allowance excep	non-final. ot for formal matters,		e merits is		
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati 9)□	Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict on Papers The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are	etion and/or election	requirement.	e Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ເ	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 1/20,3/19/09,10/23/2008.	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summ. Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-24 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statements filed 10/04/2004 and 12/22/2007 have not been considered by the examiner. The information cited is "related applications.

Applicant should place this information in the "related applications" section of the specification for consideration by the Examiner. Correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berger et al. (US PG Pub No. US 2003/0014466 A1) in view of Armstrong et al. (US PG Pub No. US 2002/0156824 A1), further in view of Karp et al. (US Pat No. 7,032,222).
- 5. Armstrong was disclosed in IDS date 10/03/2005. Berger was disclosed in IDS dated 09/18/2007.

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6. Regarding claim 1, Berger teaches a machine-implemented method, comprising: establishing, within a global operating system environment provided by an operating system, a non-global partition which serves to isolate processes running within the non-global partition from other non-global partitions within the global operating system environment, wherein the non-global operating system partitions do not each have a separate operating system kernel executing therein ([0035] lines 9-14, wherein an operating system sets up logically protected computing environments or compartments).

- 7. Berger does not teach associating a resource limit with the non-global partition wherein the first resource limit indicates a maximum amount of a particular resource that can be allocated to the non-global partition.
- 8. Armstrong teaches the use of processor resource pools in logically partitioned system ([0011-0013]). Each capped partition is constrained to utilize no more than the specified processing capability allocated to the partition ([0013]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Berger to include processor resource pools. Since Berger only discloses methods to assign network resources, one would be motivated by the desire to include a way of assigning each compartment in Berger to a processor resource pool.
- 9. Berger and Armstrong do not explicitly teach associating a second resource limit with a first group of two or more processes within the non-global partition, wherein the

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second resource limit indicates a maximum amount of the particular resource that can be allocated to the first group of one or more processes; and associating a third resource limit with a second group of two or more processes within the non-global partition, wherein the third resource limit indicates a maximum amount of the particular resource that can be allocated to the second group of two or more processes.

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- 10. Karp teaches a flexible allocation of resources to users which utilizes multiple resource limits. Karp teaches a high watermark limit which is the maximum amount of resources available (col 3 lines 45-46) and hard limits that are assigned to each user wherein each user can have multiple tasks (col 3 line 63 to col 4 line 22).
- 11. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Berger and Armstrong to set resource limits on multiple groups of processes running within the non-global partition such as taught by Karp. One would be motivated by the desire to share the resources among the various tasks within each partition and prohibit any one task from blocking other tasks from executing.
- 12. Regarding claim 2, Armstrong teaches that a global partition administrator sets the first resource limit ([0025]).
- 13. Regarding claim 3, Armstrong teaches that a non-global partition administrator sets the second resource limit ([0036]).

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14. Regarding claim 4, Armstrong teaches: receiving a resource allocation request for the particular resource from a process executing in the group of one or more processes; determining an amount of the particular resource that can be allocated; and allocating the determined amount to the group of one or more processes ([0035], wherein it is inherent that processes running under an operating system request resources, and operating systems allocate the resources accordingly).

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- 15. Regarding claim 5, Berger, Armstrong, and Karp do not explicitly teach: calculating an available amount of the particular resource, and wherein if the resource allocation request is less than or equal to the available amount, then the determined amount is set to the amount of the resource allocation request.
- 16. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to set the determined amount to the amount of the resource allocation request. It is old and well known to allocate resources if such resources are sufficiently available.
- 17. Regarding claim 6, Berger, Armstrong, and Karp do not explicitly teach wherein if the resource allocation request is greater than the available amount, then the determined amount is set to the available amount.
- 18. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to set the determined amount to the available amount. It is old and well known to allocate resources to an amount that is available.

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19. Regarding claim 7, Berger, Armstrong, and Karp do not teach wherein if the resource allocation request is greater than the available amount, then the determined amount is set to zero.

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- 20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to set the determined amount to zero. It is old and well known the deny requests if such requests cannot be completely fulfilled. One would be motivated by the desire to allocate zero resources to the requester is the request could not be completely fulfilled.
- 21. Regarding claim 8, Berger, Armstrong, and Karp do not teach wherein calculating further comprises: calculating a first amount by subtracting the total amount of the particular resource allocated to the non-global partition from the first resource limit; calculating a second amount by subtracting the total amount of the particular resource allocated to the group of one or more processes from the second resource limit; and setting the available amount to the lower of the first amount and the second amount.
- 22. It is well known in the art to subtract the amount consumed from the total amount to realize the amount available. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to calculate an available amount using this method and choosing the lesser of the amounts to determine the amount available.

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23. Regarding claims 9-24 they are the machine-readable medium and apparatus claims of claims 1-8 above. Therefore they are rejected for the same reasons as claims 1-8 above.

Response to Arguments

24. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

25. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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26. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric C. Wai whose telephone number is 571-270-1012. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs, 9am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng - Ai An can be reached on 571-272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/VAN H NGUYEN/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2194 /Eric C Wai/ Examiner, Art Unit 2195